

# FM05D200P DC FILTER MODULE Application Note V10 November 2019

# FM05D200P DC FILTER MODULE



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#### 1. Introduction

FM05D200P filter module is created to accommodate the need to meet Railway standards of EN55015 standard, and Fire & Smoke EN45545-2. This standard filter simplifies the process of meeting the necessary requirements for Railway applications. The filter module is designed to reduce common mode and differential mode noise of the DC converter. The FM05D200P filter module offers maximum current rating of 5A and maximum rated voltage up to 200V.

It has industry Quarter-Brick size and pinouts. Allowing case operating temperature range of -40°C to 110°C. An optional heat sink is available to extend the full power range of the unit. The filter module provides excellent thermal performance. FM05D200P is designed primarily for common railway applications and also suitable for distributed power architectures, telecommunications, battery operated equipment and industrial applications.

#### 2. Features

- \* Quarter-Brick Size Meet Industrial Standard
- \* PCB Mount
- \* 5A Filter Module
- \* 200VDC Input Voltage Maximum
- \* All Capacitors are Multi-Layer Ceramic Inside
- \* Fire & Smoke Meets EN45545-2

### 3. Electrical Circuit Diagram

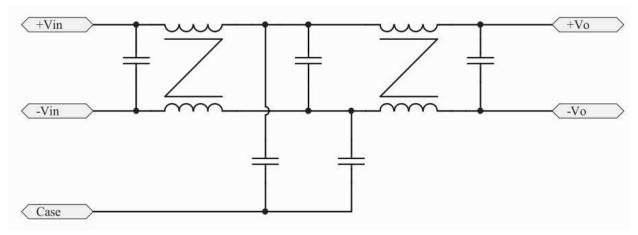


Figure 1 Internal Schematic for FM05D200P Module



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### 4. Technical Specifications

(All specifications are typical at nominal input, full load at 25°C unless otherwise noted.)

#### **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

PARAMETER	NOTES and CONDITIONS	De	vice	Min.	Typical	Max.	Units
Input Voltage							
Continuous			All			200	$V_{dc}$
Transient	1 second	,	All			250	$V_{dc}$
Operating Temperature	see derating curve	,	All	-40		+110	$^{\circ}\!\mathbb{C}$
Storage Temperature		,	All .	-55		+125	$^{\circ}\!\mathbb{C}$

#### **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

PARAMETER	NOTES and CONDITIONS	Device	Min.	Typical	Max.	Units
Operating Voltage Range		All	0		200	V <sub>dc</sub>
Operating Current Range		All	0		5	Α
Input Surge Voltage	1 second	All			250	$V_{dc}$
DC Resistance	+Input to +Output.	All		34	38	mΩ
	-Input to -Output	All		34	38	mΩ

### **ISOLATION CHARACTERISTICS**

PARAMETER	NOTES and CONDITIONS	Device	Min.	Typical	Max.	Units
Isolation Voltage	1 minute; input to case, output to	All			2250	$V_{dc}$
	case	All			1500	$V_{ac}$
Isolation Resistance	500Vdc, input to case, output to case	All	100			МΩ
Isolation Capacitance	input to case, output to case	All		4000		pF

### **GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS**

PARAMETER	NOTES and CONDITIONS	Device	Min.	Typical	Max.	Units
Weight		All		59		grams
Case Material	Plastic, DAP	·				
Base plate Material	Aluminum					
Potting Material	UL 94V-0					
Shock/Vibration	Meets EN50155 (EN61373)					
Humidity	95% RH max. Non Condensing					
Thermal Shock	Meets MIL-STD-810F					
Fire & Smoke	Meets EN45545-2					



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# 5. Main Features and Functions5.1 Operating Temperature Range

The FM05D200P filter module has resulted in their ability to operate within ambient temperature environments from -  $40^{\circ}$ C to  $110^{\circ}$ C. The derating curve was drawn from the FM05D200P module.

- Output load current
- Forced air or natural convection
- Heat sink optional

#### 5.2 Insertion Loss

The filter module is designed to reduce common mode and differential mode noise of the DC converter. The typical characteristics see below.



Figure 2. Typical Common-Mode Insertion Loss



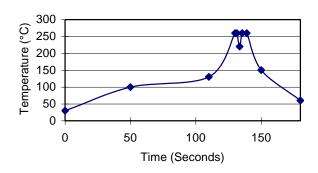
Figure 3. Typical Differential-Mode Insertion Loss

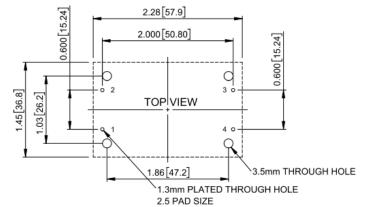
### 6. Applications

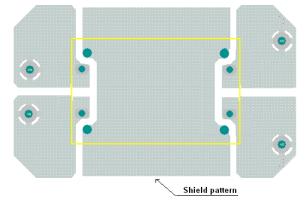
# 6.1 Recommend Layout, PCB Footprint and Soldering Information

The system designer or end user must ensure that metal and other components in the vicinity of the module meet the spacing requirements for which the system is approved. Low resistance and inductance PCB layout traces are the norm and should be used where possible. Due consideration must also be given to proper low impedance tracks between power module, input and output grounds. The recommended soldering profile and PCB layout are shown below.

#### Lead Free Wave Soldering Profile







#### 6.2 Thermal Considerations

The module operates in a variety of thermal environments; however, sufficient cooling should be provided to help ensure reliable operation of the unit. Heat is removed by conduction, convection, and radiation to the surrounding environment. The example is presented in **section 6.3**. The current output of the module should not be allowed to exceed rated current.

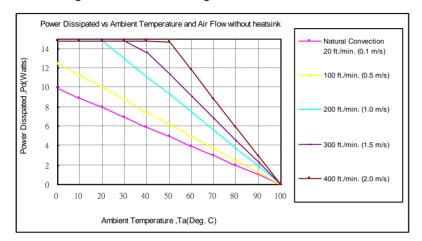


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#### 6.3 Power Derating

The operating case temperature range of FM05D200P is -40°C to +110°C. When operating the FM05D200P, proper derating or cooling is needed. The maximum case temperature under any operating condition should not exceed 110°C.

The following curve is the de-rating curve of FM05D200P without heat sink.



<b>AIR FLOW RATE</b>	TYPICAL R <sub>ca</sub>
Natural Convection 20ft./min. (0.1m/s)	10.1 °C/W
100 ft./min. (0.5m/s)	8.0 °C/W
200 ft./min. (1.0m/s)	5.4 °C/W
300 ft./min. (1.5m/s)	4.4 °C/W
400 ft./min. (2.0m/s)	3.4 °C/W

#### **Example:**

What is the minimum airflow necessary for a FM05D200P operating at output current of 5A, and a maximum ambient temperature of 80°C?

#### Solution:

#### Given:

I<sub>0</sub>=5A

#### Determine Power dissipation (P<sub>d</sub>):

 $P_d = I_0 \times I_0 \times DCR$ 

 $P_d = 5A \times 5A \times (34m\Omega + 34m\Omega) = 1.7Watts$ 

#### **Determine airflow:**

Given: Pd =1.7W and Ta=80°C

#### Check Power Derating curve:

Minimum airflow= 20 ft./min.

#### Verify:

Maximum temperature rise is

 $\Delta T = Pd \times Rca = 1.7W \times 10.1 = 17.17^{\circ}C$ 

Maximum case temperature is

Tc=Ta+ΔT=97.17°C<110°C

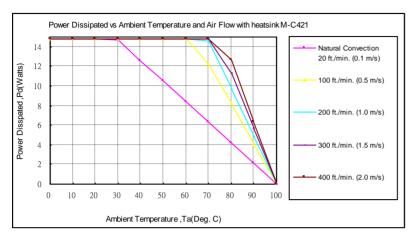
#### Where:

The Rca is thermal resistance from case to ambient environment.

Ta is ambient temperature and Tc is case temperature.



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AIR FLOW RATE	TYPICAL R <sub>ca</sub>
Natural Convection 20ft./min. (0.1m/s)	4.78 °C/W
100 ft./min. (0.5m/s)	2.44 °C/W
200 ft./min. (1.0m/s)	2.06 °C/W
300 ft./min. (1.5m/s)	1.76 °C/W
400 ft./min. (2.0m/s)	1.58 °C/W

Example with heat sink QBT210 (M-C421):

What is the minimum airflow necessary for a FM05D200P operating at output current of 5A, and a maximum ambient temperature of 100°C?

#### Solution:

#### Given:

Io=5A

#### Determine Power dissipation (Pd):

 $P_d = I_o \times I_o \times DCR$ 

 $P_d = 5A \times 5A \times (34m\Omega + 34m\Omega) = 1.7W$ atts

#### **Determine airflow:**

Given: Pd=1.7W and Ta=100°C

#### Check above Power de-rating curve:

Minimum airflow= 100 ft./min

#### Verify:

Maximum temperature rise is  $\triangle T = P_d \times R_{ca} = 1.7 \times 2.44 = 4.15$ °C

Maximum case temperature is Tc=Ta+△T=104.15°C<110°C

#### Where:

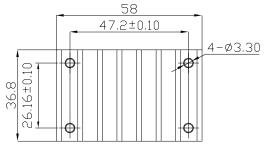
The Rca is thermal resistance from case to ambient environment.

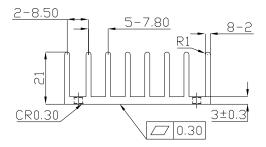
Ta is ambient temperature and Tc is case temperature.



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#### 6.4 Quarter Brick Heat Sinks:

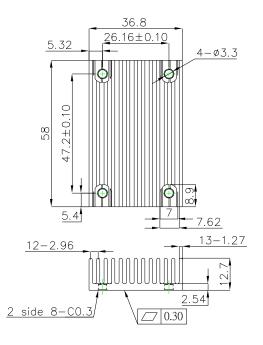




All Dimensions in mm

#### QBT210 (M-C421): G6620510201 Transverse Heat Sink

Rca: 4.78°C/W (typ.), At natural convection 2.44°C/W (typ.), At 100LFM 2.06°C/W (typ.), At 200LFM 1.76°C/W (typ.), At 300LFM 1.58°C/W (typ.), At 400LFM



#### QBL127 (M-C448): G6620570202 Longitudinal Heat Sink

Rca: 5.61°C/W (typ.), At natural convection 4.01°C/W (typ.), At 100LFM 3.39°C/W (typ.), At 200LFM 2.86°C/W (typ.), At 300LFM 2.49°C/W (typ.), At 400LFM

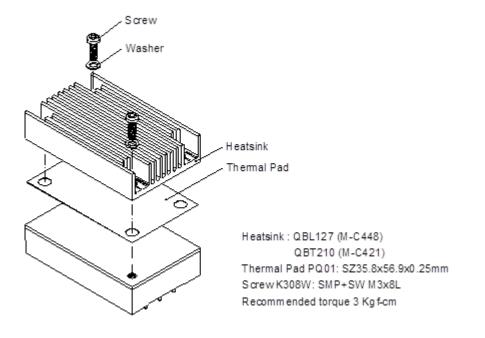


Figure 4 Installation Drawing



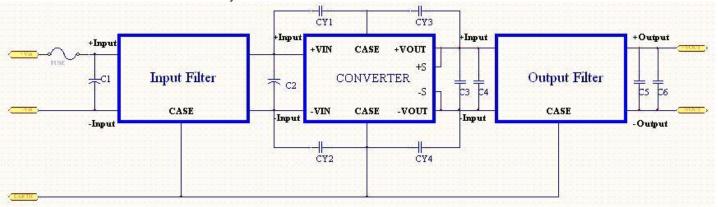
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#### 7. Connection for Standard Use

#### 7.1 Recommended Schematic

EMI performance is affected by a variety of external factors, such as PCB construction, circuit layout, and more. Therefore, in some applications, components other than filters may be required to fully comply with the specified standards. For railway application, the FM30R080P output filter is required for output conducted noise to meet EN50155: EN50121-3-2:2015.

FM05D200P have no internal fuse. In order to achieve maximum safety and system protection, always use an input line fuse. We recommended a 7A time delay fuse for all models.



#### Note:

CY1-CY4 Select the voltage rating to meet input-to-output isolation requirements.

C2 should be the recommended value indicated in the power module datasheet.

#### Note:

If the impedance of input line is high, Input capacitance must be more than above. Use more than two recommended capacitor above in parallel when ambient temperature becomes lower than -20  $^{\circ}$ C

#### 7.2 EMC Considerations

EMI Test standard: EN55032/EN55022/EN50121-3-2 Class A Conducted Emission

Test Condition: Input Voltage: Nominal, Output Load: Full Load

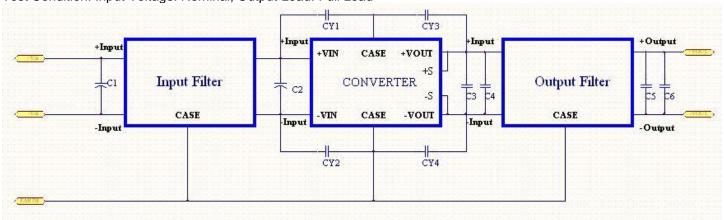


Figure 1 Connection circuit for conducted EMI Class A testing



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Input Filter Module	DC-DC Converter Model No.	Output Filter Module	C1	C2	СЗ	C4	CY1	CY2	CY3	CY4
FM05D200P	CQB150W-110S3V3 CQB150W-110S05 CQB150W-110S15 CQB150W-110S48 CQB100W-110S05 CQB100W-110S15 CQB100W-110S48	FM30R080P	220uF	220uF	10uF	1uF	2200pF	2200pF	1000pF	1000pF
	CQB150W-110S12 CQB150W-110S24 CQB150W-110S28 CQB100W-110S12 CQB100W-110S24 CQB100W-110S28						1500pF	1500pF	680pF	680pF

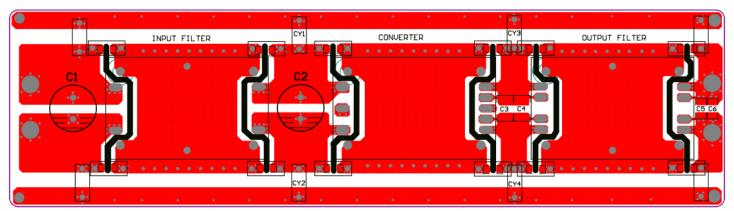
Note: C1, C2 are CHEMICON 220uF/200V KXJ series aluminum capacitors,

C3, C4 are ceramic capacitor

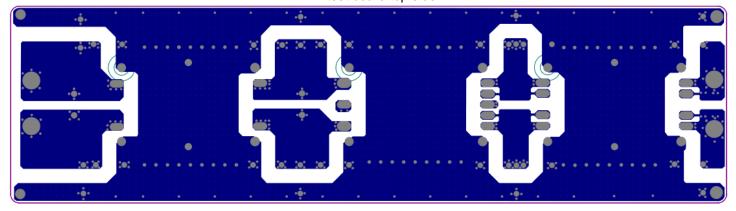
C5, C6 are NC.

CY1, CY2, CY3, CY4 are TDK Y1 capacitors or equivalent.

Bead Core SN030 T2.8\*1.7\*1.2 SM For CY1,CY2.



EMI test board top side

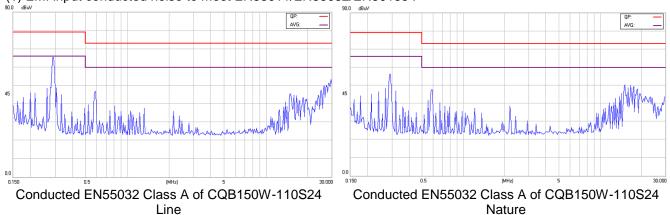


EMI test board bottom side

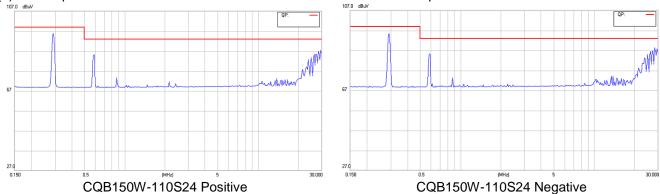


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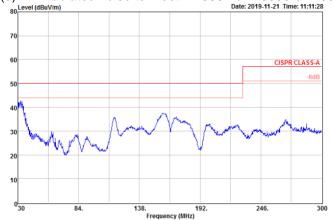
#### (1) EMI input conducted noise to meet EN55011/EN55032/EN50155:



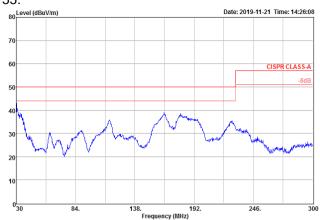
(2) The output conducted noise to meet EN50155: EN50121-3-2:2015 required:



#### (3) EMI radiated noise to meet EN55011/EN55032/EN50155:



Radiated EN55032 Class A of CQB150W-110S24 Vertical

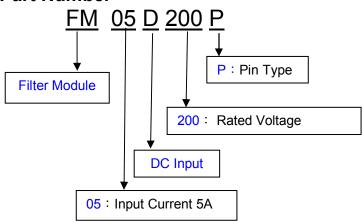


Radiated EN55032 Class A of CQB150W-110S24 Horizontal



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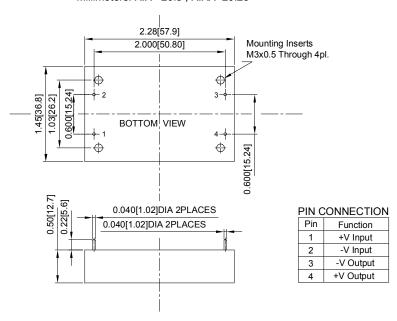
#### 8. Part Number



### 9. Mechanical Outline Diagrams

#### 9.1 FM05D200P Mechanical Outline Diagrams

All Dimensions In Inches (mm)
Tolerance Inches: X.XX= ±0.02 , X.XXX= ±0.010
Millimeters: X.X= ±0.5 , X.XX=±0.25



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